

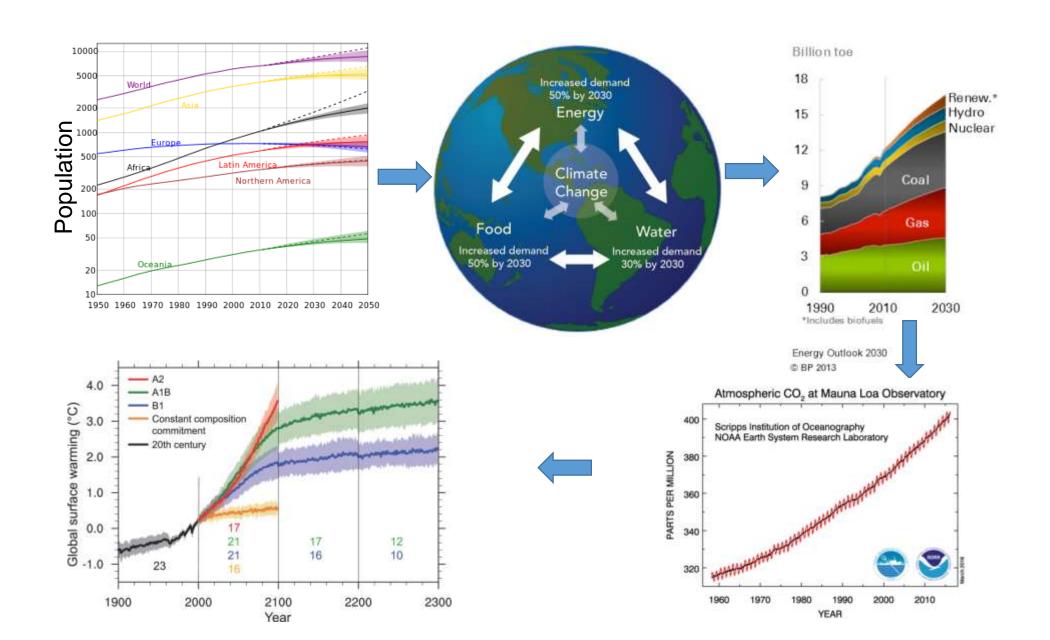
The National Research Council of Italy Department of Biology, Agriculture and Food Sciences

Francesco Loreto

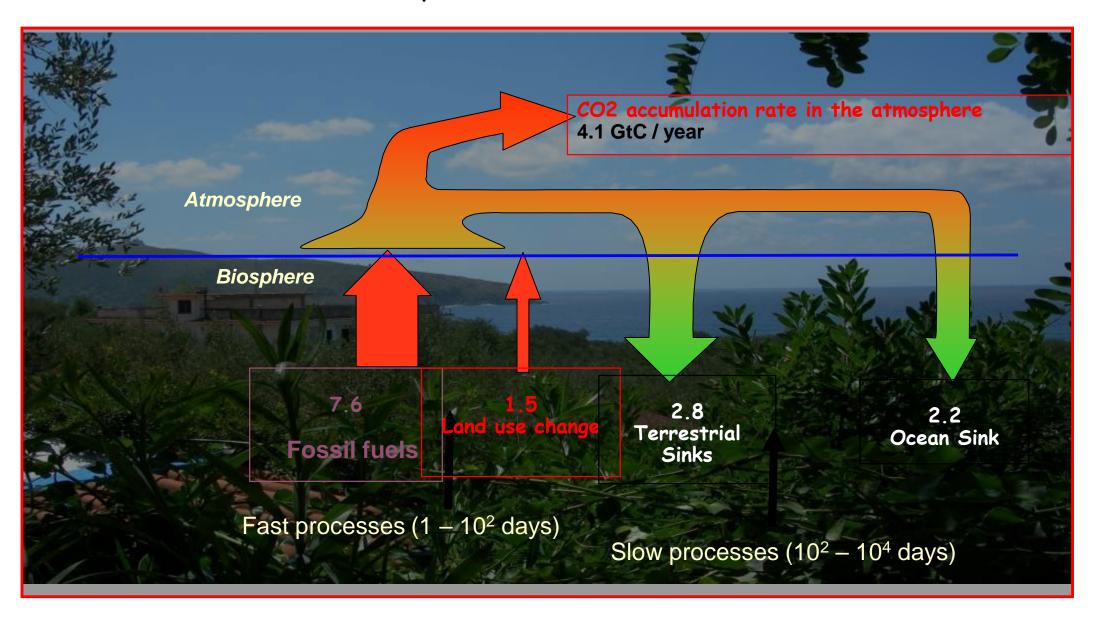


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The problem - the drivers - the nexus



The problem - the drivers



The problem - main political steps



The Paris Agreement - 2016

THE KEY ELEMENTS OF THE PARIS AGREEMENT

A text with universal scope, adopted by 195 countries



The aim: to keep the increase in global average temperature to well below 2°C and to 1.5°C if possible.



The objective: to level off greenhouse gas emissions as soon as possible.



The principal: to differentiate between developed and developing countries. Developed countries must lead the way for reduction of emissions and support developing countries in implementing this. Other countries with the ability to do so may also contribute their support on a voluntary basis to achieve this target.



The means: Countries must submit Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDCs) which are revised upwards every 5 years. The 1st report is due in 2023. North-South technology transfer.

The financing: from 2020, rich

countries must contribute at least



\$100 billion per year. This amount will be reviewed in 2025.

The new mechanism: loss and damage. Measures must be taken to



damage. Measures must be taken to avert, minimize and address the concrete effects of climate change, in order to help the most vulnerable countries.

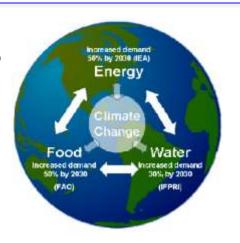


Entry into force: 2020 if the Agreement is ratified by 55 countries accounting for 55% of global greenhouse gas emissions.

Vision

DISBA and the planetary grand challenge: To double agricultural productions, halving the use of resources

i) How to face increasing food needs due to raising population and changing dietary styles;



ii) How to reduce the use of limiting resources (water, energy) for the intensive agriculture;

iii) How to mitigate the global change, while producing sustainably food and feed resources with organisms adapted to the environment

Mission





The *mission* of the Department is to streamline fundamental and applied scientific and technological knowledge for the development and valorisation of a <u>sustainable bio-economy</u>, thereby contributing to tackle the global grand challenges of future earth, including the need to provide enough food, water, and energy to a growing population, through a sustainable use of limited natural resources.





AP1 - Sustainable intensification of agricultural and forestry productions





AP2 - Optimization of the use of natural resources by agriculture and forestry



AP3 – Multifunctional use of agriculture, husbandry, forestry and wood production



AP 4 - Protection of productions and food/feed safety

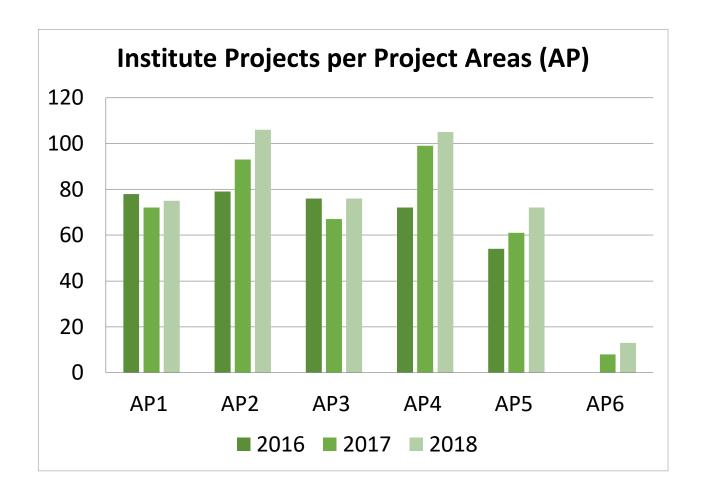


AP5 - New frontiers of food and nutrition



AP6 – Cell biology and model systems

Total number of projects (PdGp 2018): 447



Core-business: Excellence in Science



700 ISI publications/year

Average IF of publications: 3.2

> 40% publications in top quarter specialist journals

Zona D., Gioli B., Commane R., Lindaas J., Wofsy S.C., Miller C.E., Dinardo S.J., Dengel S., Sweeney C., Karion A., Chang R.Y.-W., Henderson J.M., Murphy P.C., Goodrich J.P., Moreaux V., Liljedahl A., Watts J.D., Kimball J.S., Lipson D.A., Oechel W.C., Cold season emissions dominate the Arctic tundra methane budget 2016 **Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America**

Watson-Lazowski A., Lin Y., Miglietta F., Edwards R.J., Chapman M.A., Taylor G., Plant adaptation or acclimation to rising CO2? Insight from first multigenerational RNA-Seq transcriptome 2016 **Global Change Biology**

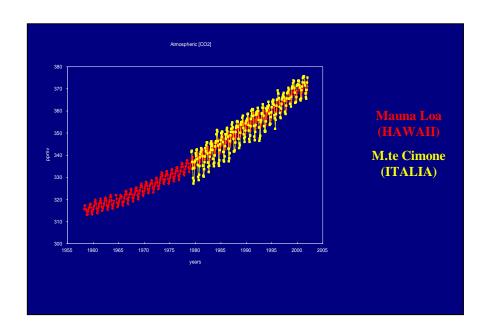
Frank D., Reichstein M., Bahn M., Thonicke K., Frank D., Mahecha M.D., Smith P., van der Velde M., Vicca S., Babst F., Beer C., Buchmann N., Canadell J.G., Ciais P., Cramer W., Ibrom A., Miglietta F., Poulter B., Rammig A., Seneviratne S.I., Walz A., Wattenbach M., Zavala M.A., Zscheischler J., Effects of climate extremes on the terrestrial carbon cycle: Concepts, processes and potential future impacts 2015

Global Change Biology

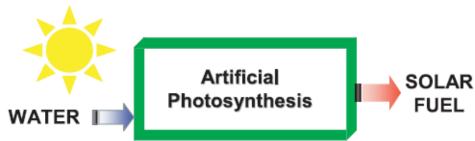
Mayol M., Riba M., González-Martínez S.C., Bagnoli F., de Beaulieu J.-L., Berganzo E., Burgarella C., Dubreuil M., Krajmerová D., Paule L., Romšáková I., Vettori C., Vincenot L., Vendramin G.G., Adapting through glacial cycles: Insights from a long-lived tree (Taxus baccata) 2015 **New Phytologist**

The problem - possible solutions

Solution 1: Increase natural sinks (Natural Photosynthesis)



Solution 2: Decarbonize the planet (Artificial Photosynthesis / Direct Conversion)





Streamlining international and national research for the future



Direct Conversion (artificial vs natural photosynthesis)
COORDINATOR

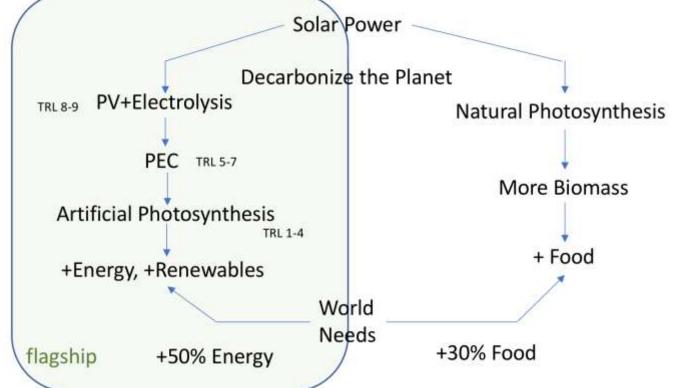


CropBooster



SUNRISE

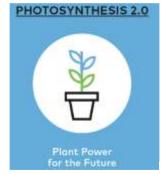
Solar Energy for a Circular Economy













UK

- Queen Mary University of London
- Imperial College London
- University of Leeds
- University of Essex
- Lancaster University
- University of Nottingham
- University of Cambridge
- James Hutton Institute

The Netherlands

- Wageningen UR
- VU University Amsterdam

Belgium

- University of Liege
- VIB

France

- CEA Cadarache
- CEA Saclay
- CEA Grenoble
- INRA Montpellier
- CNRS

Denmark

- University of Copenhagen

Sweden

- Umeå University

#100726628

Portugal

- Universidade nova de Lisboa

Spain

- Universidad de les Illes Balears
- Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona
- CREAF
- CSIC

Italy

- CNR
- University of Verona
- ENEA
- CREA
- Politecnico di Milano
- ITT
- University of Padua

Finland

- University of Turku

Lithuania

- Vilnius University

Estonia

- Estonian University of Life Sciences

Germany

- Heinrich Heine University Dusseldorf
- LMU Munchen
- Forschungszentrum Jülich
- MPIMP Golm

Switzerland

- ETH Zurich
- University of Zurich
- University of Neuchatel
- University of Lausanne

Czech Republic

- University of South Bohemia
- CEITEC

Hungary ELI-Beamlines

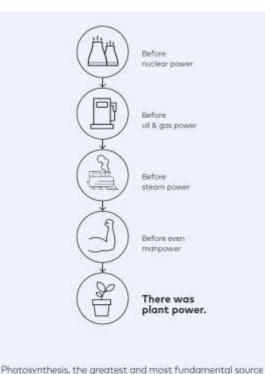
- Biological Research Centre
- ELI-ALPS

Israel

- Hebrew University of Jerusalem



Streamlining research for the future: The premium project 2016-2018 «Photosynthesis 2.0-Italy»



of power for life, remains largely untamed at a time when we face enormous challenges in terms of food, energy and climate change. So why are we not we making more of it? **Project title:** Photosynthesis 2.0 – Italy

Project sectors: Specialization area: AgriFood; ERC H2020

Area: Life Science

Project Coordinator: CNR-DISBA: Department Director:

Francesco Loreto; Project Director: Franco Miglietta

Project participants/units

1) CNR – DISBA; 2) CNR – DTA; 3) CNR – DSFTM; 4) CNR – DSCTM; 5) SZN

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ESFRI RI landscape







for harmonized and high precision scientific data on carbon cycle and greenhouse gas budget



for experimental manipulation of managed and unmanaged terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems



for Multi-Site Plant Phenotyping And Simulation for Food Security in a Chancing Climate by improving plants



for biological information, supporting life science research and its translation to medicine, agriculture, bioindustries and society

Continental to regional

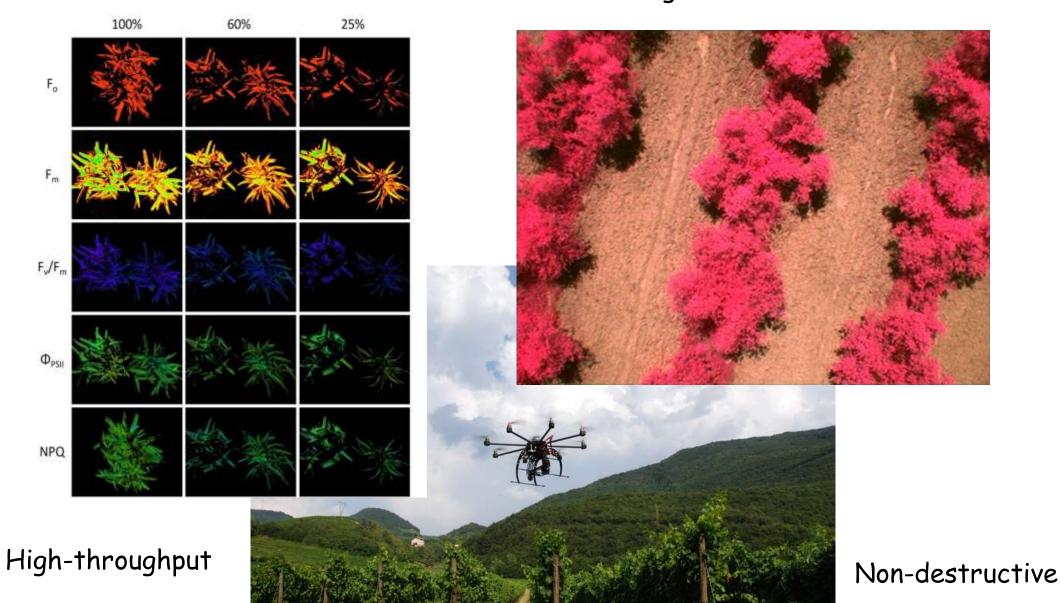
Regional to field (agroecosystem)

Phenotypes
Field – Plant – Tissue

Data
Plant - Tissue - Molecular

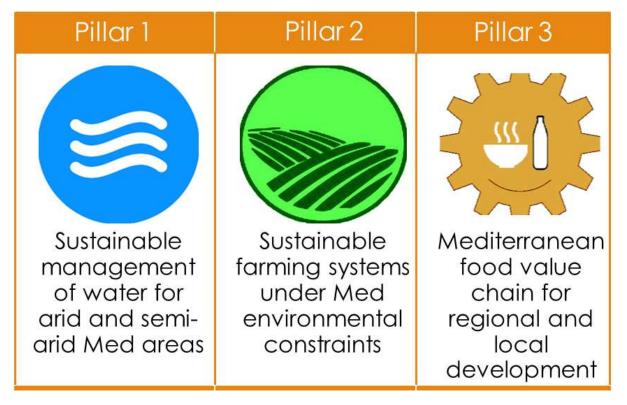
Phenotyping

The Genome x Environment x Management interaction



Partnership for Research and Innovation in the Mediterranean Area (PRIMA Joint Initiative)

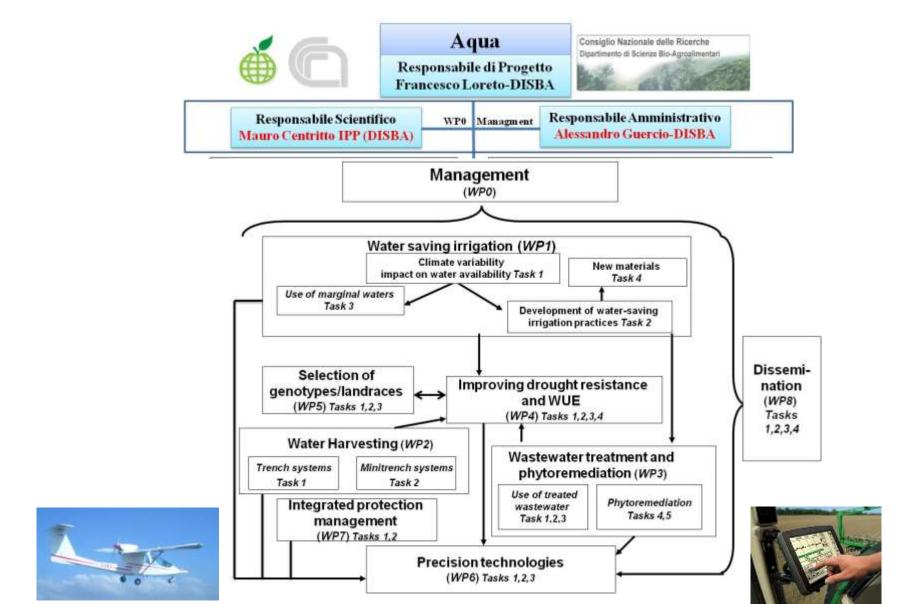
The PRIMA initiative identified eight operational objectives clustered in **three main thematic pillars**.







Streamlining research for the future: The premium project 2013-2015 «Sustainable use of water in agriculture»





Projects (Coordinator)





VIROPLANT- VIROME NGS ANALYSIS OF PESTS AND PATHOGENS FOR PLANT PROTECTION





BEFORE - BIORESOURCES FOR OLIVICULTURE





MYCOKEY - INTEGRATED AND INNOVATIVE KEY ACTIONS FOR MYCOTOXIN MANAGEMENT IN THE FOOD AND FEED CHAIN



LEAF OF LIFE - PHOTOSYNTHETIC ENERGY BALANCE, CHLOROPLAST INTEGRITY, CARBON FLOW AND EPIGENETIC REGULATION OF ISOPRENOID BIOSYNTHESIS DURING LEAF DEVELOPMENT AND SENESCENCE



PONTE - PEST ORGANISMS THREATENING EUROPE



XF-ACTORS - XYLELLA FASTIDIOSA ACTIVE CONTAINMENT THROUGH A MULTIDISCIPLINARY-ORIENTED RESEARCH STRATEGY



Projects (Partner)





CARISMAND - CULTURE AND RISKMANAGEMENT IN MAN-MADE AND NATURAL DISASTERS



ENVRI PLUS - ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURES PROVIDING SHARED SOLUTIONS FOR SCIENCE AND SOCIETY



TECH4EFFECT - TECHNIQUES AND TECHNOLOGIES FOR EFFECTIVE WOOD PROCUREMENT



ADVANCE_ELTER - ADVANCING THE EUROPEAN LONG-TERM ECOSYSTEM, CRITICAL ZONE AND SOCIO-ECOLOGICAL RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE TOWARDS ESFRI



E-LTER - EUROPEAN LONG-TERM ECOSYSTEM AND SOCIO-ECOLOGICAL RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE



Projects (Partner -2)





EMPHASIS-PREP - PREPARATION FOR EMPHASIS: EUROPEAN INFRASTRUCTURE FOR MULTI-SCALE PLANT PHENOMICS AND SIMULATION FOR FOOD SECURITY IN A CHANGING CLIMATE



HOMED - HOLISTIC MANAGEMENT OF EMERGING PESTS AND DISEASES





LANDSUPPORT - Development of Integrated Web-Based Land Decision Support System Aiming Towards the Implementation of Policies for Agriculture and Environment





B4EST - Adaptive BREEDING for productive, sustainable and resilient FORESTs under climate change





Projects (Sub-contractor)





ABSTRESS - IMPROVING THE RESISTANCE OF LEGUME CROPS TO COMBINED ABIOTIC AND BIOTIC STRESS

Sub contractor



FORFIRE "Integrated services and approaches for Assessing effects of climate change and extreme events for fire and post fire risk prevention" (ERANet for Climate Services)

Associated partner



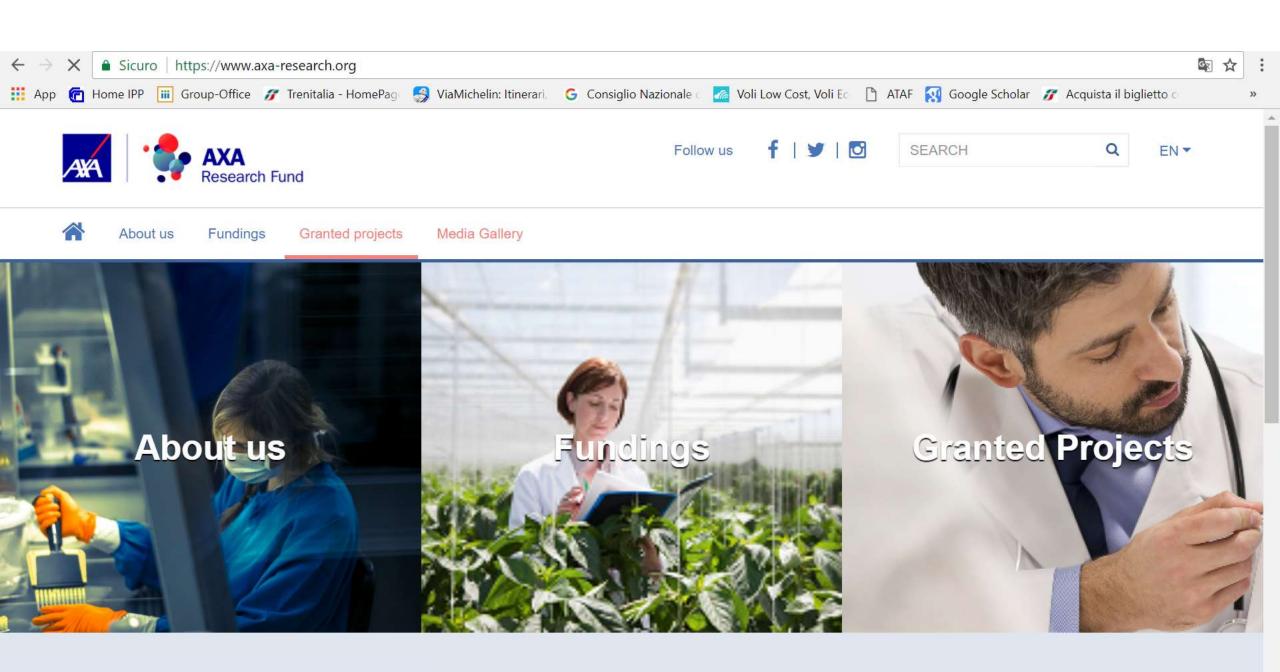
MEDGOLD "Turning climate-related information into added value for traditional MEDiterranean Grape, OLive and Durum wheat food systems" (H2020).

Sub contractor



HEAT-SHIELD - INTEGRATED INTER-SECTOR FRAMEWORK TO INCREASE THE THERMAL RESILIENCE OF EUROPEAN WORKERS IN THE CONTEXT OF GLOBAL WARMING

Sub contractor





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